## ACET Junior Academies

Scheme of Work for Design Technology

Y5 Food - Celebrating culture and seasonality



About this unit: In this unit pupils will learn about a variety of food from around the world. They will investigate a range of products, including seasonal, locally sourced and Fair Trade products. They will evaluate products that could be added to a basic recipe and will consider how they affect the taste, appearance, texture and smell. Pupils will continue to develop skills in using a range of equipment and utensils to prepare ingredients and will follow a basic recipe to make a product. Children will design a healthy eating product for an intended user and purpose by adding ingredients to a basic recipe. They will apply their learning from the unit to make their product and will evaluate their completed products, judging the extent to which they have met the original design criteria.

Final piece ideas: Greek flatbread pizza (link - Science 'Reactions', possible link back to Ancient Greece)

## Unit structure

- 1. Investigate and Evaluate
- 2. Focused Tasks
- 3. Designing
- 4. Making
- 5. Finishing
- 6. Evaluating

## Links to previous and future National Curriculum units

- KS1 Preparing fruit and vegetables
- LKS2 Healthy and varied diet

	1: Investigate and Evaluate			
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
Pupils will have knowledge and understanding about food, hygiene, nutrition, healthy eating and a varied diet. Pupils will be able to use appropriate equipment and utensils and apply a range of techniques for measuring out, preparing and combining ingredients.	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) That food ingredients have a range of qualities which can be used to alter a basic recipe. Know that different foods have different substances needed for health Understand how key chefs have influenced eating habits to promote varied and healthy diets.  Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Nutrition Seasonality	Skills  Understand that food can be reared, caught or grown in the UK, Europe and the wider world  Know some of the ways that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.  Understand there are different substances in food and drink needed for health  Evaluate and discuss existing products  Identify the ingredients in food products  Begin to evaluate how much products cost to make and how innovative they are.  Key vocabulary/concepts: Evaluate, user, purpose, product, function, functionality, design decisions, research	Can your children: Evaluate a range of existing food products and ingredients based on taste, smell, texture and appearance. Identify how products have been made and the effect of certain ingredients. Identify who the food product has been made for and the main purpose of the product.	Horizontal: Spoken language - understand and use of technical and sensory vocabulary Geography - distribution of natural resources - Food Science - Nutrition Possible link back to Ancient Greece Vertical:
Suggested activities:		Resources:	Useful links:	

Children carry out sensory evaluations of a variety of ingredients that could be	Range of existing food products	Jamie Oliver
added to a basic pizza recipe such as herbs, spices, vegetables or cheese.	to taste and evaluate.	
Include a range of locally sourced, seasonal, and Greek ingredients. Present		
results in tables, charts or graphs and by using evaluative writing. Pupils		
consider e.g. Which ingredients are sourced locally/in the UK/from overseas?		
How have ingredients been processed? What is the nutritional value of a		
product?		
Use a range of questions to support children's ability to evaluate food		
ingredients, e.g. What ingredients would help to make a product		
spicy/crisp/crunchy etc? What is the impact of added		
ingredients/finishes/shapes on the finished product?		
Research key chefs and how they have promoted healthy eating.		
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2: Focused Tasks				
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
Pupils will have evaluated a range of products in terms of their taste, smell, texture and appearance. They will be able to identify how ingredients are used for a particular effect.	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) Know how to use utensils and cooking equipment including heat sources to prepare and cook food. Understand seasonality in relation to food products and the source of different food products. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary.	Skills  Prepare an increasing variety of dishes, safely and hygienically, including a heat source where appropriate  Use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, grating, slicing, kneading and mixing  Begin to understand that recipes can be adapted by adding or substituting ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma of a dish  Understand there are different substances in food and drink needed for health	Can your children: Use a range of cooking utensils and equipment to prepare and cook food. Suggest how a basic recipe could be adapted by changing or adding ingredients. Know and use relevant technical vocabulary.	Horizontal: Science - properties of materials; changes of state; reactions Maths - carrying out accurate measuring of mass (kg/g) Spoken language - use of technical vocabulary Vertical:

Links to previous Knowledge learning	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
	3: Design		
Follow a basic flatbread recipe to demonstrate skills in me combining ingredients, kneading and shaping. Demonstrate appropriate utensils and equipment the children may will hygienically. Pupils follow a simple recipe to practise the modelled. Ask children about ingredients that could be clearly enough the pupils to consider the changes ingredients texture, taste, appearance and smell.	Basic recipes Suitable tools and equipment to make and cook recipes e.g. weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, spoons, baking trays,		
Suggested activities:	Work safely, hygienically and accurately with a wider range of tools.  Know and use the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking.  Key vocabulary/concepts: Ingredients, yeast, dough, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs, utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble  Resources:		

Children will be able to	Substantive knowledge:	Skills	Can your children:	Horizontal:
use a range of cooking	(What students should know.)	Describe the purpose of their	Use research, discussion	Art and design - use
utensils and equipment	That a design brief outlines what a user wants a	product and how it will appeal	and annotated sketches	drawing and
to prepare and cook	product to be like.	to the user	to develop and	sketching skills to
ingredients. They will	That research should be carried out to inform design	Gather information about the	communicate design	generate, develop
be able to suggest how	ideas.	needs, wants, preferences	ideas?	and communicate
a basic recipe could be	That responses from research should be used to	and values of particular	Develop a design brief	ideas.
altered by changing or	inform the design specification.	individuals and groups,	and criteria?	Spoken language -
adding ingredients and	The nutritional value and the sensory properties food	carrying out surveys,	Make design decisions	participate in
talk about the effect	ingredients.	questionnaires etc.	based on the needs and	discussion to develop
on the product's taste,		Develop a simple design	wants of the intended	and communicate
texture, appearance		specification to guide their	user?	ideas.
and smell. Pupils will	Second order concepts:	thinking	Record the steps,	Writing - record the
understand and use a	(What students should understand)	Share and clarify ideas	equipment, utensils and	main stages of
range of appropriate	Design brief	through discussion	ingredients required to	making – write a
technical vocabulary	Design criteria	Communicate and represent	make the product?	recipe
relevant to the project.	Design specification	ideas in exploded diagrams,		Science - Nutrition
		annotated sketches		Vertical:
		• Produce a list of tools,		
		equipment and materials they		
		need		
		Record a step-by-step plan		
		Record a step-by-step plan for making		
		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative,</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user,</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>		
Suggested activities		<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user,</li> </ul>	Useful links:	
Share a design brief with	n pupils within a context which is authentic and	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>	Useful links:	
Share a design brief with meaningful for a product	n pupils within a context which is authentic and e.g. a healthy eating pizza. Children carry out	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>	Useful links:	
Share a design brief with meaningful for a product research including survey	n pupils within a context which is authentic and e.g. a healthy eating pizza. Children carry out vs, interviews and questionnaires and develop	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>	Useful links:	
Share a design brief with meaningful for a product research including survey innovative ideas through	n pupils within a context which is authentic and e.g. a healthy eating pizza. Children carry out ys, interviews and questionnaires and develop discussion.	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>	Useful links:	
Share a design brief with meaningful for a product research including survey innovative ideas through Develop a design specific	n pupils within a context which is authentic and e.g. a healthy eating pizza. Children carry out vs, interviews and questionnaires and develop	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-step plan for making</li> <li>Key vocabulary/concepts:</li> <li>Design specification, innovative, research, design brief, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, recipe</li> </ul>	Useful links:	

and healthy eating.

Pupils could use annotated sketches to communicate their ideas. Pupils could	
also consider availability of ingredients, cost etc.	
Pupils produce a design proposal detailing the tools, equipment and ingredients	
they will use and a step by step plan of how it will be made in the form of a	
recipe.	

4: Making and Finishing				
Links to previous learning	Knowledge	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
Children will have considered the needs and wants of the intended user and produced a design brief and criteria to guide their thinking. They will have developed and communicated their ideas through discussion, research and annotated drawings. They will have a clear understanding of what they are going to make and will know the steps, equipment, utensils and ingredients required to make it.	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) The utensils, equipment and techniques appropriate for the task. How to accurately to measure ingredients. The sensory properties of ingredients. The nutritional value of the foods selected.  Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Nutritional value	<ul> <li>Skills</li> <li>Follow procedures for safety and hygiene</li> <li>Use finishing techniques to make their product look appealing.</li> <li>Demonstrate problem solving skills when encountering a mistake or practical problem</li> <li>Prepare a variety of dishes, safely and hygienically, including a heat source where appropriate</li> <li>Use a wide range of techniques, including peeling, chopping, grating, slicing, mixing, kneading, mixing and baking</li> <li>Understand that recipes can be adapted to change the appearance, taste, texture and smell</li> <li>That different food and drink</li> </ul>	Can your children: Select and use appropriate equipment and utensils to measure and combine ingredients? Follow procedures for safety and hygiene? Talk about the ingredients used and explain why they have been included?	Horizontal: Maths - carry out accurate measurement (kg/g) Science - properties of materials; changes of state; reactions; nutrition Vertical:

Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
	5: Ev	valuating		
Give pupils the opportunity to revisit their recipes and recap the order in which they will make their food product.  Pupils collect the ingredients, tools and utensils required for their product and use their design specification and criteria as an ongoing guide. Encourage the children to evaluate their developing products by referring to the design specification. Pupils make changes to their products to overcome problems or to make improvements. Pupils record any changes made on their plans.  Encourage pupil to consider the finish of their product by referring to their design plan e.g. How will you present your product? How will you make it look appealing?  Pupils complete their products and photograph.		Suitable equipment and utensils to make and cook recipes such as weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, spoons, baking trays,		
Suggested activitie	s:	Resources:	Useful links:	
		- nutrients, water and fibre - that are needed for health  Key vocabulary/concepts: Nutritional value, Ingredients (and names) tools, utensils (and names) prepare, combine, slice, peel, mix, grate, bake, bridge and claw, Finish/finishing, appearance, appealing,		

Pupils will have carried out research and developed ideas based on the needs, wants, preferences and values	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) That evaluations identify the strengths and areas for development in terms of quality of design, manufacture and whether it is fit for purpose.	Skills  • Use their design criteria to critically evaluate their product in terms of quality of design, manufacture and	Can your children: Evaluate their final product referring to design criteria? Consider views of	Horizontal: Spoken language - as questions, formulate, articulate and justify answers, arguments
of an intended user. They will have communicated ideas through drawings and diagrams. Pupils will	That products are continually developing through evaluating and identifying improvements. That views from the user should be considered when identifying areas for improvement	<ul> <li>whether is it fit for its intended purpose.</li> <li>Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work.</li> </ul>	others, including the intended user, when evaluating their product against their original design plan?	and opinions; consider and evaluate different viewpoints  Vertical:
have considered the stages of making and will have produced a step-by-step plan.	Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Evaluate Develop Evolve Innovative	Key vocabulary/concepts: evaluate, design specification, design criteria, intended user, purpose, innovative, improvements,	Identify changes that could be made to further improve the product?	vertical.
Suggested activities	ş:	Resources:	Useful links:	
reflecting on the design the purpose? Does it sui together? Have the ingrhas the product been product work well? Pupils take part in peer a taking into account what the product might be imintended user. Pupils con	final product against the intended purpose and user, criteria previously agreed e.g. Does the product suit the intended user? Do the ingredients go well edients been prepared using the best process? How essented? Does it look appealing? Is it an innovative to consider improvements to their project e.g. Did How could the product be improved? evaluation expressing opinions about others' work and others think of their product when considering how proved. Where possible, include the views of the applete a written evaluation of their product.			
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
Children will have generated and developed ideas for	Knowledge: (What students should know.)	Skills – Evaluating own products:	Can your children: Use their design criteria to critically evaluate	Horizontal:

have evaluated	and aifice time	anitially avaluate their	of avality of degion	
have explored different mechanical and electrical systems and designed a product with an intended purpose for an intended user. They will have chosen techniques to make and finish their product. They will have evaluated their evolving work and overcome problems using problems solving skills.	specification. Test products with intended users and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose. Consider the views of others to improve their work. Second order concepts: (What students should understand)	critically evaluate their product in terms of quality of design, manufacture and whether is it fit for its intended purpose  • Consider the views of others, including intended users, when evaluating their product against their original design specification  Key vocabulary/concepts: Evaluate, design criteria, design brief, innovative, user, purpose, authentic, innovative, function, product, ideas, appeal, finish, improve	of quality of design, manufacture and whether it is fit for the intended purpose? Consider the views of others when evaluating their work and identifying improvements that could be made.	
Suggested activities	ş:	Resources:	Useful links:	
specification. They shoul manufacture, functionali for purpose. against the the product meets the nurpose.  Does the product suit the	Il products, comparing it to the original design Id critically evaluate the quality of design, the ty, innovation and fitness for the intended user and design criteria. They consider the extent to which eeds of the intended user and suits the intended use purpose? Does it suit the intended user? Does the ly? Is it the right kind of movement? How well has the	Final products Evaluation resources		

• Use their design criteria to

their product in terms

their product. They will | Compare the final product to the original design

product been made? Are the materials suitable for the product? How could the

product be made more appealing?

Where possible allow feedback from the intended user. Pupils complete an evaluation for their own product.