ACET Junior Academies

Scheme of Work for Design Technology

Y1 Structures - Freestanding Structures



About this unit: In this unit, pupils will explore a range of structures in their local environment, identifying what they are and what they are used for. Pupils will use construction kits, reclaimed materials and craft materials to explore building structures and will learn how to strengthen and stiffen them. Pupils will use their learning to generate their own ideas for building a structure for a given purpose. They will use knowledge and skills from their learning to create their structures before evaluating them against the original criteria.

Final piece ideas: enclosures for farm/zoo animals, bridge for the Billy Goats Gruff – link Science, Living things, bridges – Historical link to significant individual Isombard Kingdom Brunell, playground equipment – link back to Geography, local area

Unit structure

- 1. Investigate and Evaluate What are freestanding structures?
- 2. Focused Tasks How can you build freestanding structures?
- 3. Designing What could I make?
- 4. Making Can I make the product I designed?
- 5. Making Can I improve the appearance of my product?
- 6. Evaluating How did I do?

Links to previous and future National Curriculum units

- EYFS experience of building with construction kits, reclaimed materials and craft materials.
- LKS2 Shell Structures
- UKS2 Frame Structures

1: Investigate and Evaluate – What are freestanding structures?					
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:	
Experience of using construction kits to build walls, towers and frameworks. Experience of using basic tools e.g. scissors or hole punches with construction materials e.g. plastic, card Experience of different methods of joining card and paper	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) Understand that products have been designed and produced. That there are different kinds of structures made for different users and for different purposes. That structures can be made from different materials. That structures need to be made strong and stable. Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Evaluation User Purpose	Skills Explore products and talk about what it is and who it is for. Explore what a product is for and how it is used. Explore how a product works Begin to identify and name some of the materials used to make the product Talk about what they like or dislike about a product Key vocabulary/concepts: https://20353.stem.org.uk/Nuffield%20Glossary2/index.html Structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, metal, wood, plastic, stone, brick, evaluate, user, purpose, product, function, materials, appearance, appealing	Can your children: Identify structures in the local area and talk about their use and the intended user. Identify the materials structures have been made from and explain why those materials might have been chosen. Identify how structures have been made strong and stable.	Horizontal: Geography - local area History - changes within living memory English - participate in discussion, taking turns and listening to what others have to say. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge and understanding. Build technical vocabulary. Labelling pictures. Vertical: LKS2 - Shell Structures UKS2 Frame Structures	
Suggested activities:		Resources:	Useful links:		
Pupils could go on a walk in the local area or look at photographs of the local area to explore structures such as playground equipment, street furniture, walls, buildings and bridges. Develop pupils understanding of structures and use		Camera	https://www.data.org.uk/media/1462/clickable- progression-framework-ks1-2.pdf https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&s ource=web&cd=&ved=2ahUKEwiX-		

of technical vocabulary through asking questions e.g. What are the structures called and what is their purpose? Who might use them? What materials have been used? Why have these been chosen? How have the parts been joined together? How have the structures been made strong enough? How have they been made stable?

Ask children to draw or photograph the structures they have been exploring and label with the correct technical vocabulary in relation to the structure, materials used and shapes e.g. wall, tower, framework, base, joint, metal, wood, plastic, brick, 2D/3D shape names

8Kx3 zpAhUKRBUIHZUTCf0QFjAAegQIBRAB&url=h ttp%3A%2F%2Fhillsgrove.net%2Fdownload%2Fi%2Fm ark_dl%2Fu%2F4010976058%2F4632903854%2FY1 %2520Freestanding%2520structures.pdf&usg=AOvVaw2qxxoybzUVr8yi8VG_Yn_-

2: Focused Tasks – How do you build freestanding structures?					
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:	
Pupils will have explored range of structures. They will know what structures are and will be able to talk about the different structures in the local area. They will understand that structures have different purposes and are made for different users. Pupils will be able to identify the materials that	·	Skills Know about the simple working characteristics of materials and components Know how freestanding structures can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable Begin to learn and use the technical vocabulary relevant for the projects they are working on. Measure, mark out, cut, score and assemble materials and components with more	Can your children: Use construction kits to explore making freestanding structures. Identify ways of making structures stronger and more stable. Choose suitable materials to make structures. Use a range of techniques to make their structures, including measuring, cutting and joining.	Horizontal: Maths - use appropriate standard and non-standard measures. Name common 2D and3D shapes Science - Properties of materials English - Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge and understanding. Build technical vocabulary.	
structures are made from and some will be able to explain why these materials might have been chosen.		accuracy. • With support, join, assemble and combine materials and components Key Vocabulary/concepts: Structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, stable, cut, fold, join, fix,	Make materials stronger and stiffer by folding.	Vertical:	

		material names, equipment names		
Suggested activities:		Resources:	Useful links:	l
Pupils could explore a range of models of the structures they have seen in the local area. These could be made from a range of materials, including new and reclaimed materials, and construction kits, including plastic interconnecting bricks, wooden blocks and kits to make frameworks. Measuring, marking out, cutting and joining should be modelled to the pupils. Pupils should also be shown how folding materials can make them stronger, stiffer, stand up and be more stable. Pupils could use materials independently to replicate the models in a carousel of activities. Develop thinking by asking questions e.g. How can you stop you structures from falling over? How can they be made stronger and stiffer in order to carry a load? Why is this a suitable material? What are its characteristics?		Photographs of various structures Construction kits for building walls, towers, frameworks New materials e.g. paper, card, plastic sheet, straws, pipe cleaners, Reclaimed materials e.g. cardboard tubes, cotton reels, cardboard boxes, String, masking tape, PVA glue, Plasticine, scissors, hole punch, stapler	https://www.stem.org.uk/resources/elibrary/resource/25329/bridges-and-structures	
	3: Designing - V	Vhat could I make?		
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:
Children will have experienced using construction kits and new and reclaimed materials to make freestanding structures. The should know a range of techniques for strengthening and joining materials.	Substantive knowledge: (What students should know.) That products need to be designed before they are made. That designs should always meet the needs of the user and purpose. That design ideas can be communicated in different ways. Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Design User Purpose	Skills Talk about the product they will be designing and making Explain who their product will be used by Describe what their product will be used for Begin to use simple design criteria to develop ideas Key Vocabulary/concepts: Design, make, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function	Can your children: Explain what they are going to design and make and who the intended user will be. Describe how they will make their product, including the materials they will use and how they will make it strong and stable. Communicate their ideas through discussion, mock-ups and design	Horizontal: History - Changes beyond living memory - Bridges (Isombard Kingdom Brunell?) Science - Living Things- animal enclosures English - Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge and understanding. Build technical vocabulary.

			Communicate ideas through labelled drawings and writing. Vertical:
Suggested activities:	Resources:	Useful links:	
Discuss with the children the kind of structure they will be designing, making and evaluating e.g. animal enclosures, bridge for the Billy Goats Gruff, Tower for Rapunzel, playground equipment. Develop ideas through questions e.g. Who will your product be for? What will its purpose be? What materials will you use? How will you make it strong and stable? Generate simple design criteria with the children e.g. the structure should stand up on its own, it should be strong enough to hold the largest Billy Goat. Encourage children to develop their ideas through talking, drawing and making mock-ups of their own with construction kits and other materials. Pupils could complete a design plan for their intended product.	Photos of structures, examples of structures from previous session, planning sheets	https://www.bing.com/vid structures+ks1&adlt=stric 514241745FCC1099DE798 &&FORM=VRDGAR&ru=%2 Fq%3Dbuilding%2Bstructu %3DHDRSC3	t&view=detail∣=79 514241745FCC1099DE 2Fvideos%2Fsearch%3

4: Making – Can I make the product I designed?					
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and Vocabulary:	Assessment criteria:	Curricular links:	

Children will have	Substantive knowledge:	Skills	Can your children:	Horizontal:
identified the	(What students should know.)	Choose suitable tools for	Talk about the steps	Maths - use
structure they are	That their product needs to be made in a particular	making	they will take to make	appropriate standard
going to make. They will	order.	Choose suitable materials and	their product.	and non-standard
be able to talk about	Know the materials, tools and equipment suitable for	components for their	Choose tools, techniques	measures. Name
the purpose, intended	the task.	products based on suitability	and materials that are	common 2D and3D
user and the materials	Know the skills and techniques they are going to use	of their properties	suitable for the task.	shapes
from which it will be	to make their product.	Measure, mark out, cut, score	Use problem solving	Science - Properties
built. Pupils will be	•	and assemble materials and	skills when things go	of materials that
aware of design		components with more	wrong.	make them suitable
criteria and will know	Second order concepts:	accuracy.	Y2 Explain choices made.	or unsuitable for
the order in which they	(What students should understand)	With support, join, assemble		particular purposes.
will make their product.	Evaluate	and combine materials and		English - Speaking
	Stability	components		and Listening - Build
	Problem solving			technical vocabulary
				Vertical:
		Key Vocabulary/concepts:		
		Cut, fold, join, fix, structure,		
		stiff, stable, strong,		
		freestanding, materials/tools		
Suggested activities	•	names Resources:	Useful links:	
			Oseful links.	
	it their design plans from last week. As a class, plan	examples of freestanding		
the order in which the st		structures from previous session, construction kits, new and reclaimed materials, string,		
	rials and tools required for their product. Encourage their developing products by referring to the design			
	, , , , , ,	scissors, masking tape, glue		
criteria - Does your structure stand up on its own? Is your structure strong enough? Is it stable? Encourage children to problem solve when things go		Scissor's, masking rupe, give		
	to to solve that problem? How can you make it			
stronger? How can you m				
out onger : There early out th	5: Finishing - Can I improve	the appearance of my i	product?	
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and	Assessment	Curricular links:
learning	•	Vocabulary:	criteria:	

Pupils will have	Substantive knowledge:	Skills	Can your children:	Horizontal:
experienced making products using their choice of materials, tools and techniques. They will have evaluated their evolving work and will have experienced solving problems when thigs go wrong.	(What students should know.) That products need to be finished well to make them appealing to the user. Know a range of finishing techniques suitable for the product, including skills used in Art and Design. Second order concepts: (What students should understand) Evaluate Finish Appearance Appeal	Begin to use simple finishing techniques including skills learnt in Art Key Vocabulary/concepts: Finish/finishing, appearance, appealing	Use simple finishing techniques suitable for the product they are making? Evaluate their developing products and use problem solving skills when thigs go wrong?	Art and Design - use colour, line, pattern and shape. Use and develop drawing skills. Science - Properties of materials that make them suitable or unsuitable for particular purposes. English - Speaking and listening - Build technical vocabulary
				Vertical:
Suggested activities	s:	Resources:	Useful links:	
Remind the children about the importance of finishing their product and of the finishing techniques they investigated. Encourage children to return to their plans. How are you going to make your products appealing? What finishing techniques did you plan to use. Do you still plan to use the same techniques? Children finish their products with their choice of technique.		Finishing resources, e.g. pens, pencils, paint, computing software, collage materials		
	·	- How did I do?		
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Skills, Concepts and	Assessment	Curricular links:
learning		Vocabulary:	criteria:	

Pupils will have made	Substantive knowledge:	Skills	Can your children:	Horizontal:
and finished products	(What students should know.)	Begin to talk about their	Make simple judgements	English - Speaking
using a range of	That all new products are evaluated.	design ideas and what they	about their products in	and Listening -
techniques. They will	That evaluations help products to develop.	have made	relation to how well it	participate in
have evaluated their	To evaluate their product by discussing how well it	Begin to make simple	works, whether it suits	discussion, ask
evolving work. They will	works in relation to the purpose and the intended	judgements of how the	the intended user and	relevant questions
have used problem	user.	product met their design	whether it meets the	Vertical:
solving skills to	To evaluate whether the product meets the design	ideas and criteria.	design criteria.	
overcome any problems.	criteria.	Begin to identify ways in	Identify ways that	
		which their product could be	products could be	
	Second order concepts:	improved.	improved.	
	(What students should understand)			
	Evaluate	Key Vocabulary/concepts:		
	Improve	Evaluate, design criteria, user,		
	Develop	purpose, function, product,		
		ideas, appeal, finish, improve		
Suggested activities	5 :	Resources:	Useful links:	
Pupils engage in discussion	ons about their own and other pupils' work. Develop	Evaluation sheets		
evaluation through asking	g questions e.g. Does the product suit the purpose?			
Does it suit the intended user? Does the product stand up on its own? How				
stable is the product? How well has the product been finished? Are the				
materials suitable for the product? How could the product be made more				
stable? More appealing?				
Pupils complete an evalu	ation for their own product.			